

REMARKS**§ 103 Rejections**

Claims 1-7, 9-13 and 19 stand rejected under 35 USC § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Olson et al. (US 6261700) in view of Williams et al. (US 5626800).

Interview Summary

The Applicant thanks the Examiners for the courtesy extended to their representative during the personal interview of August 22, 2006.

During the interview, the Applicant's representative reiterated that Olson et al. does not teach or suggest that the described ceramer composition is useful for the preparation of prisms of a brightness enhancing film and thus there is no motivation to employ the composition of Olson et al, with William et al. The Applicant's representative also reiterated that Olson et al. does not teach Applicant's specific claimed composition having at least 60 wt-% of a first monomer (such as RDX-51027) in combination with 5 to 30 wt-% of a crosslinking agent comprising at least three (meth)acrylate groups. As yet an additional distinction, Applicant's representative discussed that the ceramer compositions of Olson et al. generally include appreciable amounts of solvent in order that the composition can be processed and coated at the desired thickness. In contrast, the brightness enhancing films of the invention are prepared from substantially solvent-free polymerizable composition. The Examiner suggested that the Applicant file a declaration showing "back-to-back" test results for the polymerizable composition with and without solvent.

The Applicant notes that preparing back-to-back test results for a polymerizable composition of the invention with and without solvent is problematic as attested to in the attached declaration of David B. Olson, a coinventor of both the present patent application and the cited reference.

Since based on the declaration of David B. Olson, it is clear that the inclusion of solvent materially affects the suitability of the polymerizable resin to be used to prepare prisms of a

brightness enhancing film, each of the independent claims have been amended to recite that the polymerizable composition is "solvent-free".

The Applicant notes that solvent was not added to any of the exemplified compositions. In addition, U.S. Patent Nos. 5,175,030 and 5,183,597 (i.e. Lu and Lu et al.) are expressly incorporated by reference in the present patent application (See p. 5, lines 4-6). These patents describe and claim the UV-curable resin compositions as being "solvent-free". In view of such support, the specification has been amended to recite solvent-free polymerizable compositions.

In view of the above, it is submitted that the application is in condition for allowance.
Reconsideration of the application is requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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Date

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